

# EVAC ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer

PARAMETER	UNIT	VALUE	REFERENCES
<b>GENERAL</b>			
Common name	-	ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer	
ACS name	-	acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with ethene	
Acronym	-	EVAC	
CAS number	-	9003-20-7; 24937-78-8	
EC number	-	203-545-4	
RTECS number	-	AK0920000	
<b>SYNTHESIS</b>			
Monomer(s) structure	-	$\text{CH}_3\text{COOCH}=\text{CH}_2$ ; $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2$	
Monomer(s) CAS number(s)	-	108-05-4; 74-85-1	
Monomer(s) molecular weight(s)	dalton, g/mol, amu	86.09; 28.05	
Vinyl acetate content	wt%	3-32 (packaging resins); 9-40 (industrial resins)	
Method of synthesis	-	both monomers are polymerized in the presence of initiator (details in ref.)	Lee, H-Y; Yang, T-H; Chien, I-L; Huang, H-P, Computers Chem. Eng., 33, 1371-78, 2009.
Temperature of polymerization	°C	164-187	
Catalyst	-	Ziegler-Natta, metallocene	
Number average molecular weight, $M_n$	dalton, g/mol, amu	16,000-42,000	McAlduff, M; Reven, L, Macromolecules, 38, 3745-53, 2005; Martin-Alfonso, J E; Franco, J M, Polym. Testing, 37, 78-85, 2014.
Mass average molecular weight, $M_w$	dalton, g/mol, amu	35,200-210,000	Martin-Alfonso, J E; Franco, J M, Polym. Testing, 37, 78-85, 2014.
Polydispersity, $M_w/M_n$	-	2.03-6	McAlduff, M; Reven, L, Macromolecules, 38, 3745-53, 2005.
<b>STRUCTURE</b>			
Crystallinity	%	5.9-60	Shi, X M; Zhang, J; Jin, J; Chen, S J, eXPRESS Polym. Lett., 2, 89, 623-29, 2008; Jin, J; Chen, S; Zhang, J, Polym. Deg. Stab., 95, 725-32, 2010; Martin-Alfonso, J E; Franco, J M, Polym. Testing, 37, 78-85, 2014.
Crystallite size	nm	9.1 ( $L_{110}$ ); 4.8 ( $L_{200}$ )	Chen, Y; Zou, H; Liang, M; Cao, Y, Thermochim Acta, 586, 1-8, 2014.
Crystallization rate coefficient	min <sup>-1</sup>	1.957	Chen, Y; Zou, H; Liang, M; Cao, Y, Thermochim Acta, 586, 1-8, 2014.
Rapid crystallization temperature	°C	52-76	
<b>COMMERCIAL POLYMERS</b>			
Some manufacturers	-	DuPont; Exxon; LyondellBasel	
Trade names	-	Elvax; Escorene; Ultrathene	
<b>PHYSICAL PROPERTIES</b>			
Density at 20°C	g cm <sup>-3</sup>	0.92-0.98	
Color	-	colorless to white	
Refractive index, 20°C	-	1.467-1.498	
Haze	%	0.7-20	
Gloss, 60°, Gardner (ASTM D523)	%	34-100	

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Odor	-	mild, ester-like	
Melting temperature, DSC	°C	58-112	
Decomposition temperature	°C	221-240	
Fusion enthalpy	J g <sup>-1</sup>	16.9-78.4	Martin-Alfonso, J E; Franco, J M, Polym. Testing, 37, 78-85, 2014.
Thermal expansion coefficient, 23-80°C	°C <sup>-1</sup>	1.6-2.5E-4	
Thermal conductivity, melt	W m <sup>-1</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>	0.311-0.324; 0.26 (tubes)	Ghose, S; Watson, K A; Working, D C; Smith, J G; Lin, Y; Sun, Y-P, Polymers in Defence and Aerospace 2007, Rapra, 2007, paper 5.
Glass transition temperature	°C	-38 to -42	
Maximum service temperature	°C	<230	
Long term service temperature	°C	<204	
Vicat temperature VST/A/50	°C	36-86	
Hildebrand solubility parameter	MPa <sup>0.5</sup>	17.0-19.2	
Volume resistivity	ohm-m	9.3E13	
Speed of sound	m s <sup>-1</sup>	28-30	
Acoustic impedance		1.60-1.69	
<b>MECHANICAL &amp; RHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES</b>			
Tensile strength	MPa	2-41	Ghose, S; Watson, K A; Working, D C; Smith, J G; Lin, Y; Sun, Y-P, Polymers in Defence and Aerospace 2007, Rapra, 2007, paper 5.
Tensile modulus	MPa	10	Ghose, S; Watson, K A; Working, D C; Smith, J G; Lin, Y; Sun, Y-P, Polymers in Defence and Aerospace 2007, Rapra, 2007, paper 5.
Tensile stress at yield	MPa	4.6-7.4	
Elongation	%	300-860	Ghose, S; Watson, K A; Working, D C; Smith, J G; Lin, Y; Sun, Y-P, Polymers in Defence and Aerospace 2007, Rapra, 2007, paper 5.
Tensile yield strain	%	9-150	
Flexural modulus	MPa	28-121	
Elastic modulus	MPa	164-188	
Charpy impact strength, unnotched, 23°C	kJ m <sup>-2</sup>	NB	
Izod impact strength, notched, 23°C	J m <sup>-1</sup>	NB	
Elmendorf tear strength	g/10 min	80-260 (MD); 60-330 (TD)	
Dart drop impact	g/10 min	100-660	
Adhesive bond strength	MPa	1.5 (Al)	
Compression set	%	23 (23°C/24 h); 66 (50°C/6 h)	
Shore A hardness	-	65-96	
Shore D hardness	-	15-43	
Brittleness temperature (ASTM D746)	°C	-70 to -85	
Melt viscosity, shear rate=92.5 s <sup>-1</sup>	Pa s	1,000-2,800	Ghose, S; Watson, K A; Working, D C; Smith, J G; Lin, Y; Sun, Y-P, Polymers in Defence and Aerospace 2007, Rapra, 2007, paper 5.

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Melt index, 190°C/2.16 kg	g/10 min	0.35-800	Dhamdhare, M; Deshpande, B; Patil, P; Hansen, M G, Antec, 2000.
Water absorption, equilibrium in water at 23°C	%	0.005-0.13	
<b>CHEMICAL RESISTANCE</b>			
Acid dilute/concentrated	-	poor	
Alcohols	-	good	
Alkalis	-	poor	
Aliphatic hydrocarbons	-	poor	
Aromatic hydrocarbons	-	poor	
Halogenated hydrocarbons	-	poor	
Ketones	-	poor	
Good solvent	-	toluene, THF, MEK	
<b>FLAMMABILITY</b>			
Ignition temperature	°C	260	
Autoignition temperature	°C	343-426	
Limiting oxygen index	% O <sub>2</sub>	23	Chang, M-K; Hwang, S-S; Liu, S-P, J. Ind. Eng. Chem., 20, 1596-1601, 2014.
Heat release	kW m <sup>-2</sup>	1680; 810	Nyambo, C; Kandare, E; Wilkie, C A, Polym. Deg. Stab., 94, 513-20, 2009; Cavodeau, F; Sonnier, R; Otazaghine, B; Lopez-Cuesta, J-M; Delaite, C, Polym. Deg. Stab., 120, 23-31, 2015.
Total heat release	kJ g <sup>-1</sup>	23.62	Cavodeau, F; Sonnier, R; Otazaghine, B; Lopez-Cuesta, J-M; Delaite, C, Polym. Deg. Stab., 120, 23-31, 2015.
Volatile products of combustion	-	CO <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O, acetic acid, vinyl acetate, CO, aldehydes, acrolein, alcohols, oxides of nitrogen	Hull, T R; Quinn, R E; Areri, I G; Purser, D A, Polym. Deg. Stab., 77, 235-42, 2002.
<b>WEATHER STABILITY</b>			
Spectral sensitivity	nm	285, 335	Pern, F J, Solar Energy Mater. Solar Cells, 41/42, 587-615, 1996.
Excitation wavelengths	nm	350	Pern, F J, Solar Energy Mater. Solar Cells, 41/42, 587-615, 1996.
Emission wavelengths	nm	420	
Important initiators and accelerators	-	thermal processing	
Products of degradation	-	hydroperoxides, hydroxyl groups, polyene sequences, aldehyde, acetic acid	

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<b>Stabilizers</b>	-	UVA: 2-hydroxy-4-octyloxybenzophenone; 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-6-dodecyl-4-methylphenol, branched & linear; propanedioic acid, [(4-methoxyphenyl)-methylene]-dimethyl ester; HAS: 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine, N,N''[1,2-ethanediy-bis[[[4,6-bis[butyl(1,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazine-2-yl]imino]-3,1-propanediyl]bis[N',N''-dibutyl-N',N''-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)-]; poly[[[6-[1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diy]] [2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl]imino]-1,6-hexanediy[[2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)imino]]; 1,6-hexanediamine- N,N'-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-polymer with 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine, reaction products with N-butyl-1-butanamine an N-butyl-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinamine; butanedioic acid, dimethylester, polymer with 4-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidine ethanol; Phenolic antioxidant: pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate); Amine: benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene; Optical brightener: 2,2'-(1,2-ethylenediyl)-4,1-phenylene)bisbenzoxazole, C.I.F.B. 367	
<b>TOXICITY</b>			
<b>NFPA: Health, Flammability, Reactivity rating</b>	-	0/1/0	
<b>Carcinogenic effect</b>	-	not listed by ACGIH, NIOSH, NTP	
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	-	not expected	
<b>OSHA</b>	mg m <sup>-3</sup>	5 (respirable), 15 (total)	
<b>Oral rat, LD<sub>50</sub></b>	mg kg <sup>-1</sup>	3,080	
<b>Skin rabbit, LD<sub>50</sub></b>	mg kg <sup>-1</sup>	7,940	
<b>PROCESSING</b>			
<b>Typical processing methods</b>	-	Banbury mixer, coextrusion, cold feed extruders, extrusion, injection molding, mixing/compounding, reaction injection molding, two-roll mills	
<b>Processing temperature</b>	°C	150-230	
<b>Processing pressure</b>	MPa	8-10 (injection); <2 (back pressure)	
<b>Additives used in final products</b>	-	Fillers: aluminum hydroxide, calcium carbonate, clay, carbon nanotubes, magnesium hydroxide, montmorillonite, red phosphorus, quartz, silica, wood fiber, zinc oxide, zinc powder; Plasticizers: EVAC is used as plasticizer in PVC and PLA therefore it seldom requires plasticization; Antistatics: 2-methyl-3-propyl benzothiazolium iodide, alkylether triethyl ammonium sulfate, organic amide; Antiblocking: fatty amide, laponite, silica; Release: methylstyryl silicone oil; Slip: erucamide, oleamide, stearamide; Thermal stabilizer: BHT	
<b>Applications</b>	-	asphalt modification, automotive wire, automotive ignition, baby products, cap liners, controlled release devices, encapsulant of photovoltaic cells, footwear, greenhouse film, hot-melt adhesives, hot-melt coatings, low-smoke cable, paints, semiconductor shields, slow burning candles, sporting goods, tubing, wall covering adhesives, wire and cable	
<b>Outstanding properties</b>	-	toughness, clarity, impact strength	
<b>BLENDS</b>			
<b>Suitable polymers</b>	-	HDPE, LDPE, LLDPE, NBR, PA, PBT, PMMA, PP, PPy, PVC	

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<b>ANALYSIS</b>			
FTIR (wavenumber-assignment)	cm <sup>-1</sup> /-	C=O 1715, 1175-1163; C-O-C 1160	Jin, J; Chen, S; Zhang, J, Polym. Deg. Stab., 95, 725-32, 2010.
Raman (wavenumber-assignment)	cm <sup>-1</sup> /-	O-C=O 629, 630; C=O 1730-1740; C-H 2800, 3000	Deshpande, B J; Dhamdhare, M S; Li, J; Hansen, M G, Antec, 1672-6, 1998.

